

A valid yellow fever certificate is required for all passengers, over 1 year of age, arriving in or from a yellow fever infected area.

- If you are originating, arriving, or even transiting through any of the countries listed below, please take your yellow fever certificate with you.
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- This is also a requirement to enter or transit South Africa if you have originated or transited through any of the countries listed below.

## Yellow Fever Vaccination for Travellers to South Africa from Zambia

### Zambia added into a list of countries requiring Yellow Fever vaccination

26 Aug 2011

South Africans travelling to Zambia will now be required to have a Yellow Fever vaccination certificate following a global Yellow Fever risk assessment conducted by the World Health Organisation (WHO).

Zambia's status has been classified as a low risk. However, as Yellow Fever is vaccine preventable, and travellers to and from countries with a low risk of transmission still risk contracting or importing Yellow Fever into South Africa, the Department of Health in South Africa has updated the Yellow Fever vaccination policy to include Zambia. The new policy will be effective from 1 October 2011. From this date, a valid Yellow Fever certificate will be required for travellers over 1 year old:

travelling from Zambia or having been in transit through a Yellow Fever risk country including Zambia.

Yellow Fever is an infectitious vector-borne disease that is caused by a virus. It is transmitted by the bite of an infected mosquito vector.

For more information and the revised list of countries where Yellow Fever vaccination certificate is required for entry into South Africa, visit: <http://www.doh.gov.za>

Some flights (i.e. South African Airways) make a refueling stop in Dakar, Senegal which is a yellow fever endemic county. However, yellow fever vaccination is not required because you are not getting off of the plane.

- If you do not have a yellow fever certificate, you could be
- sent back immediately to the point of embarkation (at the arriving airline's expense).
- kept under observation for six days (at your own expense).
- given the yellow fever vaccination at your arrival airport (at your expense).

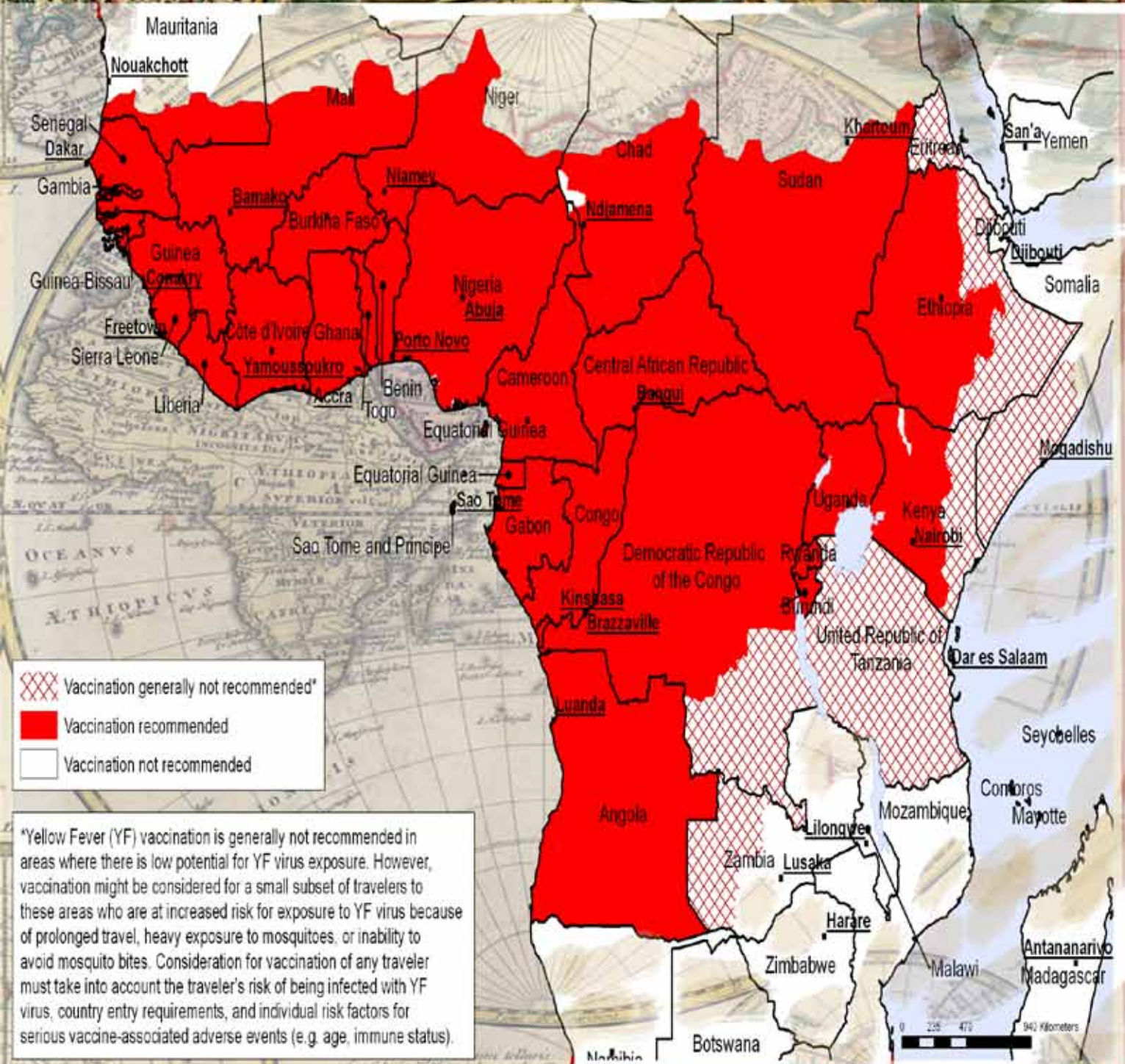
### Infected Areas

#### Africa

Angola	Equatorial Guinea	Nigeria
Benin	Ethiopia	Rwanda
Burkina Faso	Gabon	Sao Tome & Principe
Burundi	Gambia	Senegal
Cameroon	Ghana	Sierra Leone
Central African Rep.	Guinea	Somalia
Guinea Bissau	Sudan*	Chad*
Kenya	Tanzania	Congo
Liberia	Togo	Côte d'Ivoire
Mali*	Uganda	Dem. Rep. of Congo
Mauritania*	Niger*	



# YELLOW FEVER ENDEMIC ZONES IN AFRICA



\*Yellow Fever (YF) vaccination is generally not recommended in areas where there is low potential for YF virus exposure. However, vaccination might be considered for a small subset of travelers to these areas who are at increased risk for exposure to YF virus because of prolonged travel, heavy exposure to mosquitoes, or inability to avoid mosquito bites. Consideration for vaccination of any traveler must take into account the traveler's risk of being infected with YF virus, country entry requirements, and individual risk factors for serious vaccine-associated adverse events (e.g. age, immune status).



# YELLOW FEVER ENDEMIC ZONES IN SOUTH AMERICA

- South America Infected Areas
- Argentina\*
  - Panama\*
  - Bolivia\*
  - Paraguay
  - Brazil\*
  - Peru\*
  - Colombia
  - Suriname
  - Ecuador\*
  - Trinidad & Tobago\*
  - French Guiana
  - Venezuela\*

